

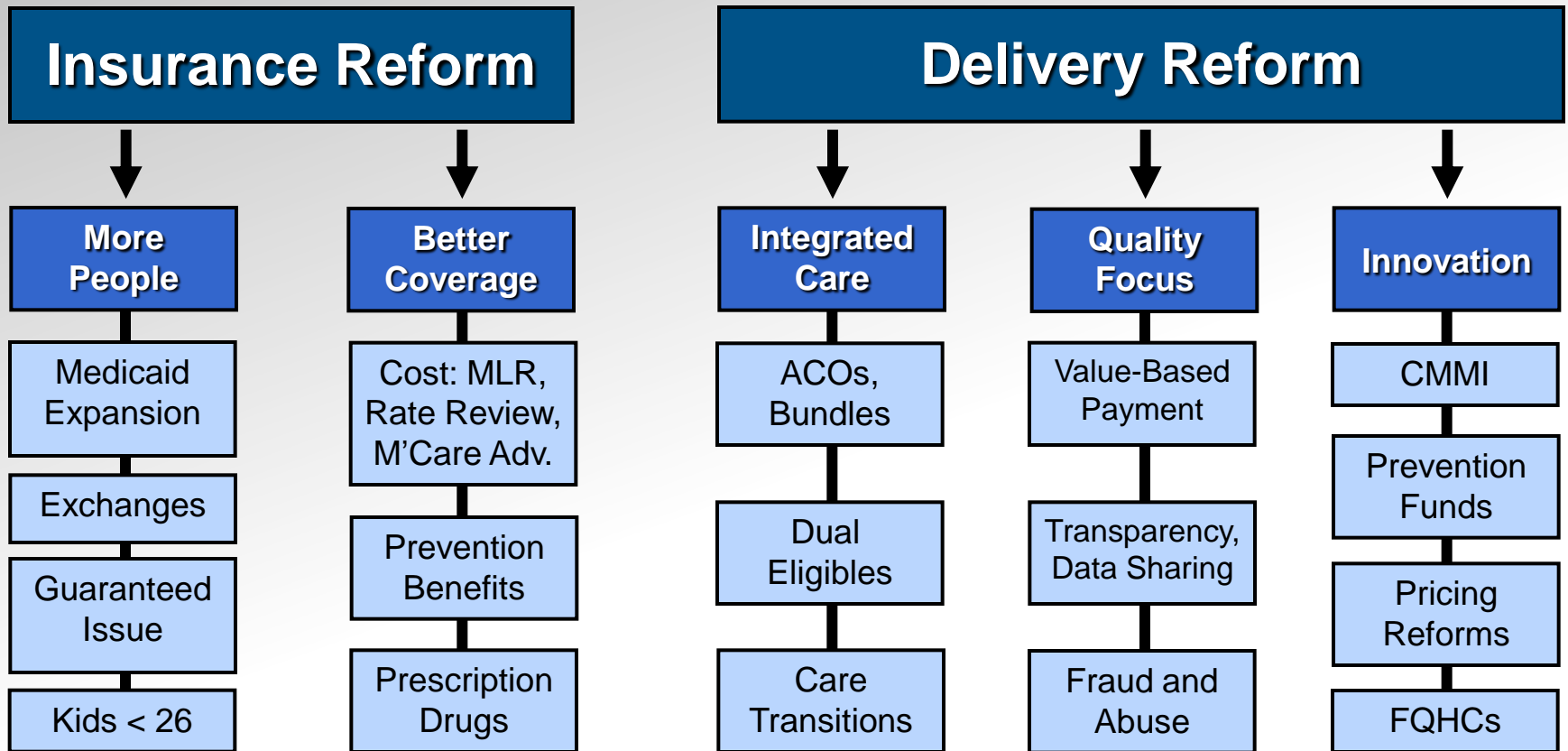
# UW Health Delivery System Innovation

ACOs and Bundled Payments:  
Moving Toward Population Health

# The Structure of Health Care Reform

## Affordable Care Act

Health care reform offers tools and incentives to achieve our vision



# The Challenge: Systems in Transition

## **Current World FEE-FOR-SERVICE**

- All about volume
- Reinforces work in silos
- Little incentive for real integration

## **Future World VALUE-BASED PAYMENT**

- Shared Savings Programs
- Bundled / Global Payments
- Value-based reimbursement
- Rewards integration, quality, outcomes and efficiency

# A Framework for Change

Health care reform bring tools and incentives to achieve our vision

## Keep getting better at what we're good at

- Caring for acute health needs
- Translating research to practice
- Training new professionals

## Rapidly add new capabilities

- Care coordination
- Teamwork
- Preventive care

## Use all the tools of reform

- Accountable care organizations
- Bundled care
- Patient-centered medical home

## Current strengths position us well

- Regional referral center
- Advanced treatments/clinical trials
- Stay on top in current system while we transition to new

## Build on current initiatives

- Primary care redesign
- Health Link optimization
- Transitions of care
- UWHIN/process improvement
- New facilities – right care in right setting
- Panel management
- Disease registries

## ACO

Responsible for quality and total cost of care for medically homed patients insured by Medicare

## Bundled payments

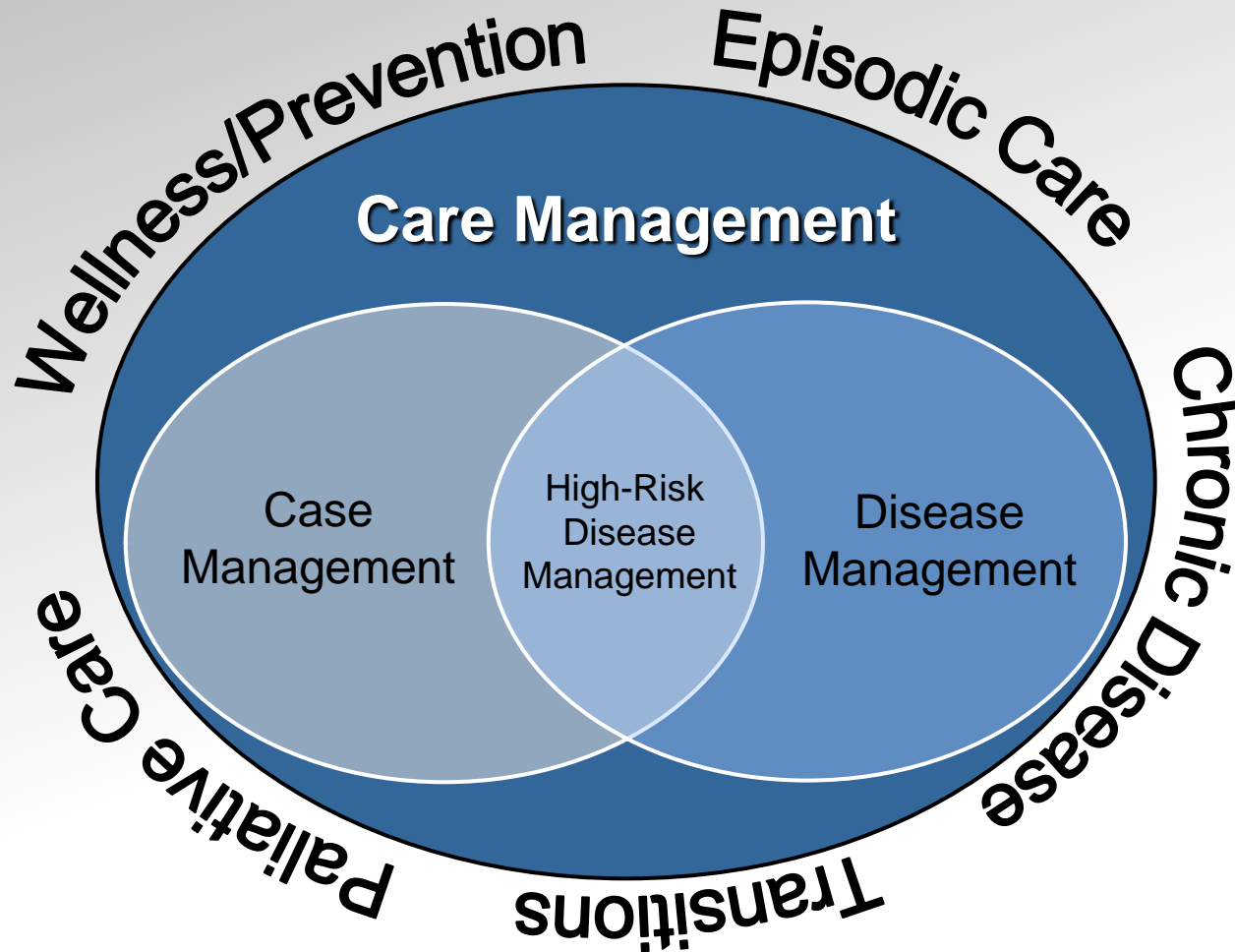
Paid based on outcomes and total cost for an episode of care – for example, a total knee replacement

## PCMH

Coordinate care across the continuum for all medically homed patients

# Strategies for Medically-Homed Population

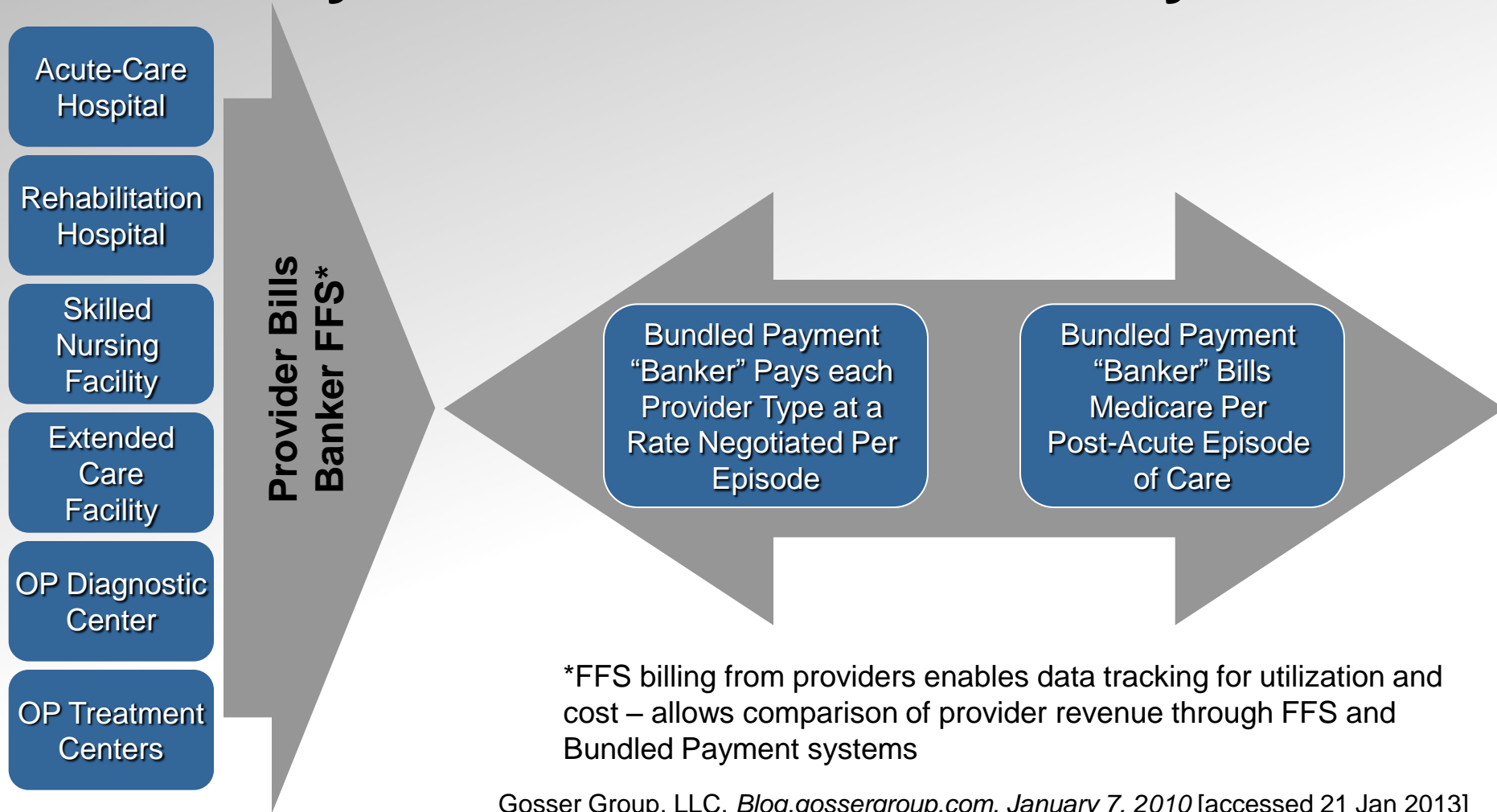
**Patient-Centered Medical Home**



**Patient-Centered Medical Neighborhood**

# Strategies for Regional Populations

## New Payment Model: Bundled Payments



# The Work to Be Done

	Longitudinal Care	Episodic Care	
	Primary Care	Specialty Care	Hospital Care
<b>Better Care</b> Individuals	<b>Improve Access</b> (Extended hours/same day appointments) (PCP-Specialist Agreements)		<b>Transitions In Care</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Re-admissions</li> <li>• GADC</li> <li>• Other</li> </ul>
	<b>Palliative Care</b>		<b>Hospital Acquired Conditions</b>
<b>Better Health</b> Population Health	<b>Preventive Care</b> (Outreach and Inreach strategies, centralized callers, patient self-scheduling)		
	<b>Patient-Centered Medical Home</b> Care Management (Chronic/Disease Management; Case Management) (Registries, RN Protocols, pharmacists, educators, self-management, PCP-Specialist Agreements) (Coordination and management of complex patients)		
<b>Lower Costs</b> Through Improvement	<b>Bundled Payments</b>		
	<b>Quality and Process Improvement</b> (Care Model/PCR/Standardized Workflow; UWHIN/Lean/Acute episodic care)		
<b>Foundations of Change</b>	<b>Patient- and Family-Centered Care</b> (Patient Education/Self Management and Family/Caregiver Education; Shared decision making)		
	<b>Telehealth</b> (eVisits; Chronic care management)		
	<b>Culture that demands standard work and team-based care and sets clear expectations and awards</b> (Physician Compact; P4P; gainsharing; aligned incentives; shared savings)		
	<b>Knowledge Management</b> - Develop clinical decision support knowledge and EHR tools (CCKM)		
	<b>Robust Measurement and Reporting System:</b> quality, cost of care, value index. Department, unit and MD level reporting (Scorecards; WHIO)		
	<b>ACO Legal Structure</b>		

# The Work to Be Done

	Longitudinal Care	Episodic Care	
	Primary Care	Specialty Care	Hospital Care
<b>Better Care</b> Individuals	<b>Improve Access</b> (Extended hours/same day appointments) (PCP-Specialist Agreements)		<b>Transitions In Care</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Re-admissions</li> <li>• GADC</li> <li>• Other</li> </ul>
	<b>Palliative Care</b>		<b>Hospital Acquired Conditions</b>
<b>Better Health</b> Population Health	<b>Preventive Care</b> (Outreach and Inreach strategies, centralized callers, patient self-scheduling)		
	<b>Patient-Centered Medical Home</b> Care Management (Chronic/Disease Management; Case Management) (Registries, RN Protocols, pharmacists, educators, self-management, PCP-Specialist Agreements) (Coordination and management of complex patients)		
<b>Lower Costs</b> Through Improvement			<b>Bundled Payments</b>
	<b>Quality and Process Improvement</b> (Care Model/PCR/Standardized Workflow; UWHIN/Lean/Acute episodic care)		
<b>Foundations of Change</b>	<b>Patient- and Family-Centered Care</b> (Patient Education/Self Management and Family/Caregiver Education; Shared decision making)		
	<b>Telehealth</b> (eVisits; Chronic care management)		
	<b>Culture that demands standard work and team-based care and sets clear expectations and awards</b> (Physician Compact; P4P; gainsharing; aligned incentives; shared savings)		
	<b>Knowledge Management - Develop clinical decision support knowledge and EHR tools (CCKM)</b>		
	<b>Robust Measurement and Reporting System</b> Quality, cost of care, department, unit and MD level reporting		
	<b>ACO Legal Structure</b>		



# Work to be Done: Initial Priorities

- **Population Health**

- PCMH– medically homed patients
  - High-risk disease management program (Heart Failure)
  - Evidence-based practice tools (Heart Failure)
- Bundled care – regional (and local) patients

- **Measurement and Reporting**

- 33 CMS Quality measures
- Cost analysis – *Total Cost of Care*
- Predictive modeling (Heart Failure)
- Data-driven ID of high-risk and -utilization populations

# How this builds on the work already being done

- UW Health has been building out Primary Care for years
- PCR has enabled the development of the care model/PCMH
- Integrated, population-focused primary care comp plan is 1<sup>st</sup> in class
- Emphasis on PFCC Model
- Cost Management

# Discussion

- What this means to patients and providers
- Goals of Delivery System changes
- Clear actions needed to achieve goals

# What this means to patients/families

- Care will be coordinated across the spectrum, including outside UW Health
- Care experience is consistent
- Increasingly the focus is on health, not solely health care

# What this means to providers

- Adjust to thinking about populations and team-based care
- Future is about taking on risk/responsibility for patients through the continuum of care
- Increased need to deliver the highest quality care at the lowest cost possible

# Goals of Delivery System changes

- 1) Standard pt. experience across all sites
- 2) Coordinate care across the spectrum
- 3) Shift care to PCMH whenever possible
- 4) Reduce total cost of care
- 5) Align incentives with population health

# Clear actions needed to achieve goals

- Fully develop true PCMH model
  - Care management, starting with high-risk
- Standardization
- Total cost of care as a clear metric
- Align incentives with population health
- Unified operating calendar

# Questions/Discussion



# ACO Metrics

Measure #	Domain	Measure Title	Method of Data Submission	2013	2014	2015
1	Patient/Caregiver Experience	CAHPS: Getting Timely Care, Appointments, and Information	Survey	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
2	Patient/Caregiver Experience	CAHPS: How Well Your Doctors Communicate	Survey	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
3	Patient/Caregiver Experience	CAHPS: Patients' Rating of Doctor	Survey	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
4	Patient/Caregiver Experience	CAHPS: Access to Specialists	Survey	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
5	Patient/Caregiver Experience	CAHPS: Health Promotion and Education	Survey	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
6	Patient/Caregiver Experience	CAHPS: Shared Decision Making	Survey	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
7	Patient/Caregiver Experience	CAHPS: Health Status/Functional Status	Survey	Report	Report	Report

Measure #	Domain	Measure Title	Method of Data Submission	2013	2014	2015
8	Care Coordination/ Patient Safety	Risk-Standardized, All Condition Readmission <sup>1</sup>	Claims	Report	Report	<b>Perform</b>
9	Care Coordination/ Patient Safety	Ambulatory Sensitive Conditions Admissions: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease or Asthma in Older Adults (AHRQ Prevention Quality Indicator (PQI) #5)	Claims	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
10	Care Coordination/ Patient Safety	Ambulatory Sensitive Conditions Admissions: Congestive Heart Failure (AHRQ Prevention Quality Indicator (PQI) #8 )	Claims	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
11	Care Coordination/ Patient Safety	Percent of Primary Care Physicians who Successfully Qualify for an EHR Program Incentive Payment	EHR Incentive Program Reporting	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
12	Care Coordination/ Patient Safety	Medication Reconciliation: Reconciliation After Discharge from an Inpatient Facility	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
13	Care Coordination/ Patient Safety	Falls: Screening for Fall Risk	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>

Measure #	Domain	Measure Title	Method of Data Submission	2013	2014	2015
14	Preventive Health	Influenza Immunization	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
15	Preventive Health	Pneumococcal Vaccination	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
16	Preventive Health	Adult Weight Screening and Follow-up	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
17	Preventive Health	Tobacco Use Assessment and Tobacco Cessation Intervention	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
18	Preventive Health	Depression Screening	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
19	Preventive Health	Colorectal Cancer Screening	GPRO Web Interface	Report	Report	<b>Perform</b>
20	Preventive Health	Mammography Screening	GPRO Web Interface	Report	Report	<b>Perform</b>
21	Preventive Health	Screening for High Blood Pressure	GPRO Web Interface	Report	Report	<b>Perform</b>

Measure #	Domain	Measure Title	Method of Data Submission	2013	2014	2015
22	At Risk Population - Diabetes	Diabetes Composite (All or Nothing Scoring): Hemoglobin A1c Control (<8 percent)	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
23	At Risk Population - Diabetes	Diabetes Composite (All or Nothing Scoring): Low Density Lipoprotein (<100)	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
24	At Risk Population - Diabetes	Diabetes Composite (All or Nothing Scoring): Blood Pressure <140/90	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
25	At Risk Population - Diabetes	Diabetes Composite (All or Nothing Scoring): Tobacco Non Use	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
26	At Risk Population - Diabetes	Diabetes Composite (All or Nothing Scoring): Aspirin Use	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
27	At Risk Population - Diabetes	Diabetes Mellitus: Hemoglobin A1c Poor Control (>9 percent)	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
28	At Risk Population - Hypertension	Hypertension (HTN): Controlling High Blood Pressure	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
29	At Risk Population – IVD	Ischemic Vascular Disease (IVD): Complete Lipid Panel and LDL Control (<100 mg/dL)	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
30	At Risk Population - IVD	Ischemic Vascular Disease (IVD): Use of Aspirin or Another Antithrombotic	GPRO Web Interface	Report	<b>Perform</b>	<b>Perform</b>
31	At Risk Population - Heart Failure	Heart Failure: Beta-Blocker Therapy for Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD)	GPRO Web Interface	Report	Report	<b>Perform</b>
32	At Risk Population - Coronary Artery Disease	CAD Composite: All or Nothing Scoring: Drug Therapy for Lowering LDL-Cholesterol	GPRO Web Interface	Report	Report	<b>Perform</b>
33	At Risk Population - Coronary Artery Disease	CAD Composite: All or Nothing Scoring: ACE Inhibitor or ARB Therapy for Patients with CAD and Diabetes and/or LVSD	GPRO Web Interface	Report	Report	<b>Perform</b>